Achievement House Charter School

Financial Statements And Independent Auditor's Report

Year Ended June 30, 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Achievement House Charter School Exton, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Achievement House Charter School (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Achievement House Charter School as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 17, 2019, on our consideration of Achievement House Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Achievement House Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants Elkins Park, Pennsylvania

5D associates P.C.

June 17, 2019

The Board of Trustees of Achievement House Charter School (the School) offers readers of the School's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the School's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The School adopted GASB 68 for the year ended June 30, 2015 and is accordingly reporting its share of the June 30, 2018 total PSERS pension liability calculated to be \$9,532,000 (see Note 7).
 - The School adopted GASB 75 for the year ended June 30, 2017 and is accordingly reporting its share of the June 30, 2018 total OPEB liability calculated to be \$393,000 (see Note 9 and 16).
- Total revenues decreased by approximately \$1,112,000 due mainly to decreases in local education agency assistance of \$1,100,000.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the School reports an ending general fund balance of \$1,897,472. This balance was the result of a \$1,175,207 surplus for the year ended June 30, 2018.
- The School's unrestricted cash balance at June 30, 2018 was \$2,322,247, representing an increase of \$693,068 from June 30, 2017.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements as presented comprise three components: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the components (assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements report on the function of the School that is principally supported by subsidies from school districts whose constituents attend the School.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or purposes. The School, like governmental type entities, utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The School's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Most of the School's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending for program purposes at the end of the fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplementary Information

The governmental fund budgetary comparison schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Management has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 which requires a comparative analysis of current and prior periods.

	2018	2017
Assets Current assets Capital assets, net	\$ 3,261,454 126,810	\$ 2,151,533 206,730
	3,388,264	2,358,263
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,061,368	3,458,453

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Liabilities		
Current liabilities	1,756,982	1,429,268
Long-term liabilities	9,532,000	13,033,000
	11,288,982	14,462,268
Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,324,000	6,810,664
Net Position	\$(13,163,350)	\$ (15,456,216) See Note 16

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the School, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$13,163,350 as of June 30, 2018, an increase of \$2,292,866 from June 30, 2017.

The School's revenues are predominately local school district's funds based on the student enrollment. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School's total revenue of \$8,855,937 exceeded expenditures of \$6,563,071 by \$2,292,866, an decrease of \$2,697,707 as compared to the preceding year.

	2018	2017
Revenues	·	<u> </u>
Program revenues		
Local educational agency		
assistance	\$ 8,238,778	\$ 7,147,190
State sources	104,133	65,310
Federal sources	499,643	500,202
General revenues		
Other sources	13,383	30,825
Total revenues	8,855,937	7,743,527
Expenditures		
Instruction	3,295,632	4,087,276
Support services	3,118,540	3,822,499
Noninstructional services	12,697	7,952
Depreciation and amortization	136,202	230,364
Interest expense	388,	277
Total expenditures	6,563,071	8,148,368
Change in net position	2,292,866	(404,841)
Net position, beginning	(15,456,216)	(14,506,711)
Prior period adjustment (Note 16)	983	(544,664)
Net position, ending	\$(13,163,350)	\$ (15,456,216)
		N—————————————————————————————————————

Governmental Fund

The focus of the School's *governmental fund* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending for program purposes at the end of the fiscal year.

The School's governmental fund (the General Fund) reported an ending fund balance of \$722,265.

Budget Variations

The actual revenues represent an increase from budgeted revenues of \$1,179,735 due mainly to increases in school district revenue of approximately \$1,160,000 and State source increases of approximately \$40,000.

Actual expenditures decreased \$68,489 from the budget due to increases (decreases) as follows:

Instructional services	\$ (174,358)
Support services	88,349
Noninstructional services	2,303
Capital outlay	 15,217
	\$ (68,489)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2018, the School's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities totaled \$126,810 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes computer equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicle, building and leasehold improvements.

Major capital assets purchases during the year included computer equipment of \$56,283.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The School 's primary source of revenue, the per student subsidy provided by local school districts, will increase by approximately \$1,500,000 for fiscal year 2018-2019 due to increased enrollment and an increase in the average regular and special education tuition. The school had an average daily membership (ADM) of 512 in 2017-2018 and anticipates an ADM of 570 in 2018-2019. The school's lease is up at the end of the 2019 school year and a relocation will occur over the summer.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates (Continued)

The fiscal and operational stability of our Commonwealth's charter schools is directly linked to the State of Pennsylvania's charter school law and shifting political realities. This issue manifests itself most clearly in the funding formula for charter schools that is contained within the charter school law. Though the charter school concept is widely recognized as a viable and necessary educational model, the issue concerning how charter schools and cyber charter schools are funded will likely remain controversial in the foreseeable future.

Future Events that will Financially Impact the School

In addition to those listed in the above economic factors, the school is realizing lower retirement expense as a higher percentage of employees are participating in the alternative 403(b) plan instead of PSERS. This plan is a defined contribution plan with mandatory contribution of 5% for the school, compared to the 33.43% employer rate for PSERS in 2018-2019 and the 34.29% rate for 2019-2020.

Contacting the School's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide interested parties a general overview of the School's finances. Questions regarding any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to the Business Office, Achievement House Charter School, 102 Pickering Way 600, Exton PA 19341.

Achievement House Charter School Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities		
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,322,247	
Local educational agencies receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		551,979	
Subsidies receivable		239,494	
Prepaid expenses		85,256	
Property and equipment, net		126,810	
Deposits		62,478	
Total assets	3=	3,388,264	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows of resources	18	2,061,368	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		254,050	
Local educational agencies payable		228,787	
Accrued expenses		865,700	
Deferred rent		15,445	
Long-term liability:			
Net OPEB liability		393,000	
Net pension liability	8	9,532,000	
Total liabilities	s 	11,288,982	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows resources		7,324,000	
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets		126,810	
Unrestricted	_	(13,290,160	
Total net position	\$	(13,163,350)	

Achievement House Charter School Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program	n Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 3,295,632	\$ 4,305,316	\$ 603.776	\$ 1,613,460
Support services	3,118,540	3,933,462	5.	814,922
Noninstructional services	12,697		-	(12,697)
Depreciation and amortization	136,202	*	· **	(136,202)
Total governmental activities	\$ 6,563,071	\$ 8,238,778	\$ 603,776	\$ 2,279,483
	General Revenues			13,383
	Change in net p	oosition		2,292,866
	Net Position - B	Seginning of Year		(15,456,216)
	Net Position - E	nd of Year		\$ (13,163,350)

Achievement House Charter School Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	_	General Fund
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,322,247
Local educational agencies receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		551,979
Subsidies receivable		239,494
Prepaid expenses		85,256
Deposits		62,478
Total assets	\$	3,261,454
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	254,050
Local educational agencies payable		228,787
Accrued expenses		865,700
Deferred rent		15,445
Total liabilities		1,363,982
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable		147,734
Assigned		1,000,000
Unassigned	i-	749,738
Total fund balances	-	1,897,472
	\$	3,261,454

Achievement House Charter School Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds		\$ 1,897,472
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Leasehold improvements	3,351,197 171,397 13,136 83,518	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,492,438)	126,810
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		(9,532,000) (393,000)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources		2,061,368 (7,324,000)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (13,163,350)

Achievement House Charter School Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund
Revenues	
Local education agency assistance	\$ 8,238,778
Federal sources	499,643
State sources	104,133
Other sources	13,383
Total revenues	8,855,937
Expenditures	
Instruction	3,977,652
Support services	3,634,098
Noninstructional services	12,697
Capital outlay	56,283
Total expenditures	7,680,730
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,175,207
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	722,265
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,897,472

Achievement House Charter School Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,175,207
Capital outlays and deferred charges are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and deferred charges exceeds depreciation in the current period:		
Capital outlays Depreciation and amortization expense	56,283 (136,202)	
-		(79,919)
Governmental funds report School pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense:		
School pension and OPEB contributions		629,754
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	-	567,824
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	_\$	2,292,866

Note 1 Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Achievement House Charter School (the School) is organized as a nonprofit corporation in Pennsylvania to operate a charter school in accordance with Pennsylvania Act 22 of 1997. The mission of the School is to leverage technology on behalf of students who need a more personalized approach to education to maximize their potential and meet the highest performance standards. This mission is accomplished through a uniquely individualized learning program that combines the best in virtual education with very real connections among students, family, teachers, and the community. The School's charter expired June 30, 2017 and the School has timely filed their renewal application. The School continues to operate under its former charter until the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue completes the renewal process. The School and its Board of Trustees believe the charter will be renewed.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report on the School as a whole. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the School's function are offset by program revenues.

The fund financial statements (governmental fund balance sheet and statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance) report on the School's general fund.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

The funds utilized by the School and brief descriptions of their accounting purposes are as follows:

Governmental Fund - The fund listed below is the fund through which most governmental functions are furnished.

Note 1 Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the School and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the School.

Amounts reported as program revenues include a per-student subsidy from local school districts as well as federal and state grants. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Method of Accounting

The School has adopted the provision of Statement No. 34 ("Statement 34") of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board "Basic Financial Statements – and Managements' Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments." Statement 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities, which includes a statement of net position and a statement of activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. These calculations are defined as follows:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net assets component as the unspent proceeds.
- Restricted This component of net position consists of constraints placed on asset use through external constraints imposed by creditors such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position This component of net position typically includes unrestricted liquid assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed for the included program.

Note 1 Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The School elected to implement GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Definition during the year ended June 30, 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classified prepaid expenses and security deposits as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted included amounts restricted by external sources, such as creditors or grantors, or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Trustees.
- Assigned includes amounts that the School intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. The School assigned \$750,000 for future expenditures associated with rising state pension costs, \$150,000 for curriculum development and \$100,000 for technology hardware needs.
- Unassigned includes all amounts that are not included in other spendable classifications.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the School considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule should present both the original and the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period.

Note 1 Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Periodically, the School may maintain deposits in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's limit of \$250,000 with financial institutions. Under Pennsylvania Act 72, financial institutions pledge collateral on a pooled basis to secure public deposits in excess of FDIC insurance limits. The School's accounts are covered by this Act.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the School's cash and cash equivalents is considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position includes four components: assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The School established a threshold of \$1,500 for capitalization of depreciable assets. Similar items purchased in the same timeframe and items related to the same project or purchase can be pooled together for capitalization and depreciation.

Note 1 Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets of the School are depreciated using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets; computer equipment (3 years), furniture and equipment (7 years) and a vehicles (5 years). Leasehold improvements and the capital leases are amortized over the term of their respective lease terms.

Advertising Costs

All costs associated with advertising and promotions are recorded as expenditures in the year incurred.

Deferred Rent

Rent expense is being recognized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease. The difference between rent expense recognized and rental payments, as stipulated in the lease, is reflected as deferred rent on the statement of net position.

Income Tax Status

The School is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Service Code. The School adopted the provisions of ASC 740-10, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*. Management evaluated the School's tax positions and concluded that the School had taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements to comply with the provisions of this guidance. The School files a Return of Organizations Exempt from Income Tax annually. The School's returns for 2015, 2017, and 2017 are subject to examination by the IRS, generally for three years after they were filed.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms investments are reported at fair value.

General Information About the Pension Plan

Note 1 Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pensions (Continued)

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at wwvv.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Note 1 Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pensions (Continued)

Contributions

Member Contributions:

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

Employer Contributions:

The School's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was 31.74% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School were \$608,898 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1 Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

General Information about the Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

The System provides Premium Assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2017 there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of the System can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24.5 or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate of the HOP or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

Pension Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2017 there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Note 1 Background and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Employer Contributions

The School's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was 0.83% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the School were \$20,856 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Note 2 Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School's cash and cash equivalents balance at June 30, 2018, was \$2,322,247. The actual amount of cash on deposit in the School's bank accounts at June 30, 2018 was \$2,357,302. As of June 30, 2018, the School's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the School's name

\$ 2,051,297

Insured amount

\$ 270,950

Note 3 Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2018 consist primarily of subsidies from local, federal and state authorities. All federal and state subsidies receivables are considered collectible due to the stable condition of these programs. The School recorded a reserve of \$65,000 to provide for possible uncollectible receivables from certain school districts. The \$65,000 was applied against Local educational agency assistance revenue on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds and Program Revenues on the Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Note 4 Capital Assets

	Ju	ıly 1, 2017	Additions		Deletions		Ju	ne 30, 2018
50								
Computer equipment	\$	3,294,914	\$	56,283	\$	-	\$	3,351,197
Furniture and fixtures		171,397		-		-		171,397
Vehicle		13,136		_		-		13,136
Leasehold improvements		83,518		_		-		83,518
·		3,562,965		56,283		-		3,619,248
Accumulated depreciation & amortization		3,356,236		136,202				3,492,438
	\$	206,729	\$	(79,919)	\$		\$	126,810

Note 4 Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$136,202 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Note 5 Line of Credit

The School has a \$1,000,000 revolving line of credit (the Line) with Centric Bank through August 30, 2019. Interest is payable at the Wall Street Journal prime rate plus .75%. The Line is secured by all assets, tangible and intangible, of the School and was unused at June 30, 2018.

Note 6 Commitments

Operating Lease Obligations

The School leases its headquarters, located in Exton Pennsylvania, for a term expiring June, 2019. Effective, July 1, 2019 the School will relocate to a new facility in Exton, PA (see Note 15). The School leased multiple facilities throughout Pennsylvania under various operating leases which have either been cancelled or expired throughout the year. In addition to the basic rent, the School is/was required to pay its proportionate share of occupancy costs, utilities, and maintenance. Rent expense was \$350,017 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Rent expense on the long-term operating lease, which is being recognized on the straight-line basis, was \$297,505 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Rent paid was \$298,725 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The cumulative difference between rent paid and rent calculated on the straight-line basis is \$15,445 and is reflected on the statement of net position as deferred rent.

Note 7 Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the School reported a liability of \$9,532,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2018, the School's proportion was .0193% percent, which was a decrease of .029% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School recognized pension expense of \$567,824. At June 30, 2018, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note 7 Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$ 221,000	\$ 7,119,000		
Difference between projected and actual	Ψ 221,000	Ψ 7,115,000		
experience	99,000	58,000		
Changes in proportions	823,000	a		
Changes in assumptions	259,000	=		
Difference between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of total				
contributions	34,277	-		
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	608,898	=		
	\$ 2,045,175	\$ 7,177,000		

The \$608,898 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30:	
2019	(1,364,686)
2020	(1,840,245)
2021	(1,872,029)
2022	(664,131)
2023	368

Note 8 Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment Return 7.25%, includes inflation at 2.75%.
- Salary growth effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.

Note 8 Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Global public equity	20.0%	5.1%	
Fixed income	36.0%	2.6%	
Commodities	8.0%	3.0%	
Absolute return	10.0%	3.4%	
Risk parity	10.0%	3.8%	
Infrastructure/MLPs	8.0%	4.8%	
Real estate	10.0%	3.6%	
Alternative investments	15.0%	6.2%	
Cash	3.0%	0.6%	
Financing (LIBOR)	-20.0%	1.1%	
	100%		

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 8 Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

		Current	1%
	1% Decrease	Discount	Increase
<u></u>	6.25%	Rate 7.25%	8.25%
School's proportionate share of the net	\$ 11,733,000	\$ 9,532,000	\$ 7,374,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2018, \$354,671 was due to the pension plan for contractually required contributions, consisting of \$339,220 and \$15,451 of employer and employee contributions, respectively.

Note 9 OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the School reported a liability of \$393,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2018, the School's proportion was .0193%, which was a decrease of .007% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School recognized OPEB expense of \$936. At June 30, 2018, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
<u> </u>	of Resources				
Changes in proportion Changes of assumptions	\$	© ₹8	\$	129,000 18,000	

Note 9 OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of total			
contributions		270	ā
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	15.	,923	9
·			
	\$ 16,	,193 \$	147,000

The \$15,923 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30:	
2019	\$ (24,000)
2020	(23,933)
2021	(23,933)
2022	(23,932)
2023	(24,932)
Thereafter	(26,000)

Note 10 Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017, was determined by rolling forward the System's Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 3.13% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25%
- for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
 - Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females,
- adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- Participation rate:
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre age 65 at 50%
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post age 65 at 70%

Note 10 Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2017.
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: Market Value.
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance. Mortality rates and retirement ages were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables with age set back 3 for both males and females for healthy annuitants and for dependent beneficiaries. For disabled annuitants, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled
- Tables with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females for disabled annuitants. (A unisex table based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables with age set back 3 years for both genders assuming the population consists of 25% males and 75% females is used to determine actuarial equivalent benefits.)

Investments consist primarily of short term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

	Target	
OPEB - Asset Class	Allocation	
Cash	76.4%	0.6%
Fixed income	23.6%	1.5%
	100%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometrical real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017.

Note 10 Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 3.13%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 3.13% which represents the S&P 20 year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2017, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the System Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2017, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2016, 91,797 retirees were receiving the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. As of June 30, 2016, 1,354 members were receiving less than the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents the System net OPEB liability for June 30, 2017, calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what the System net OPEB liability would be if health care cost trends were 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Dollar Amou	nts in Thousands
<u> </u>		Current Tren	d
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
System net OPEB liability	\$ 86,000	\$ 86,000	9 \$ 86,000
Sensitivity of the School's proportionate	e share of the net O	PEB liability to	changes in the discount rate
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase

Note 10 Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Note 11 Grants

The School participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2018 may be impaired. In the opinion of the School, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Note 12 Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School carries commercial insurance for such risks. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage of the School's policies.

Note 13 Litigation

The School is, from time to time, involved in claims and lawsuits incidental to its operations. In the opinion of the administration and legal counsel, at this time, the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have an adverse effect of the financial position of the School.

Note 14 Retirement Plan

In addition to the PSERS plan, the School provides an alternative plan for employees that do not participate in PSERS through the Achievement House Cyber Charter School 403(b) Plan. Non-PSERS employees participate from the date of employment, with a mandatory minimum contribution of 5%. The School will match the employees' contributions dollar for dollar up to 5% of their compensation. The School's contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 approximated \$49,000.

Note 15 Subsequent Event

Effective July 1, 2019, the School will relocate its operations to a new location in Exton PA. The School executed a lease for the period July 2019 to July 2027. Future minimum lease payements are as follows:

A (14 011 550)

Note 15 Subsequent Event (Continued)

Year Ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 284,617
2020	629,107
2021	345,612
2022	353,940
2023	362,268
2024	370,596
2025	378,924
2026	387,252
2027	395,580

During the first two years of the lease, the School will be entitled to rent abatements. The School is required to pay its proportionate share of occupancy costs, utilities, and maintenance. In connection with the relocation, the Board expects to incur moving and other facility costs approximating \$100,000, which the School expects to fund through its own working capital.

Note 16 Change in Accounting Principle

During the current year the School implemented GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement changes the accounting for OPEB by recording the School's portion of net OPEB liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to OPEB. As a result of implementing this statement, a prior period adjustment is required for the beginning net OPEB liability and deferred outflows for the School's contributions made during fiscal year 2017.

As of July 1, 2017, net position has been restated as follows:

Net position, beginning of year, as previously stated	\$ (14,911,552)
Net OPEB liability	(566,000)
Deferred outflows - School's contributions made during fiscal year 2017	21,336
Net position as restated, July 1, 2017	\$ (15,456,216)



Achievement House Charter School Governmental Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted Original	Ame	ounts Final	-	Actual Revenues/	Va	riance With Budget
Revenues								
Local educational agency assistance	\$	7,080,000	\$	7,080,000	\$	8,238,778	\$	1,158,778
Federal sources		500,202		500,202		499,643		(559)
State sources		64,000		64,000		104,133		40,133
Other sources		32,000	_	32,000	_	13,383	_	(18,617)
Total revenues		7,676,202		7,676,202	_	8,855,937	_	1,179,735
Expenditures								
Instruction		3,803,294		3,803,294		3,977,652		(174,358)
Support service		3,722,447		3,722,447		3,634,098		88,349
Noninstructional services		15,000		15,000		12,697		2,303
Capital outlay	-	71,500		71,500	0	56,283	-	15,217
Total expenditures		7,612,241	? 	7,612,241	0	7,680,730	-	(68,489)
Net Change in Fund Balance		63,961		63,961		1,175,207		1,248,224
Fund Balance, Beginning		722,265	1	722,265	8	722,265	-	<u> </u>
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	786,226	_\$_	786,226	_\$_	1,897,472	\$	1,248,224

Achievement House Charter School Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contributions

Schedule of the	School's Pro	portionate Share o	f the Ne	Pension	Liability
-----------------	--------------	--------------------	----------	---------	-----------

						1	School's		Plan	
	PSERS Net Pen	sion Lia	bility		School's		Proportionate		Fiduciary	
		Sc	hool's	Covered		Shar	e of NPL as	Net Position		
	School's	Propo	ortionate	}	Employee		of Covered-	as a % of Total		
Fiscal Year	Proportion	S	hare		Payroll	Empl	loyee Payroll	Pension	1 Liability	
6/30/2013	0.0355%	\$ 14	,532,000	\$	4,561,478	3	318.58%	54	.49%	
6/30/2014	0.0445%	\$ 17	,614,000	\$	5,672,312		310.53%	57	.24%	
6/30/2015	0.0425%	\$ 18	,409,000	\$	5,474,017	2	336.30%	54	.36%	
6/30/2016	0.0263%	\$ 13	,033,000	\$	3,405,398	2	382.72%	50	.14%	
6/30/2017	0.0193%	\$ 9	,532,000	\$	2,570,633	3	370.80%	51	.84%	

Schedule of School Contributions

Fiscal Year]	ntractually Required ntributions	Contribution Recognized b		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered- Employee Payroll	as a % of Total Covered- Employee Payrol!
6/30/2015	\$	1,060,757	\$	1,060,757	\$	<u>=</u>	\$ 5,474,017	19.38%
6/30/2016	\$	849,396	\$	849,396	\$	9	\$ 3,405,398	24.94%
6/30/2017	\$	688,487	\$	688,487	\$	E.	\$ 2,570,633	26.78%
6/30/2018	\$	608,898	\$	608,898	\$	#	\$ 1,918,394	31.74%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

Achievement House Charter School Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability									
	PSERS Net OPEB Liability School's School's Proportionate			School's Covered Employee		School's Proportionate Share of OPEB as a % of Covered-		Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total	
Fiscal Year	Proportion	110	Share	Pay			ployee Payroll	OPEB Liability	
6/30/2016 6/30/2017	0.0263% 0.0193%	\$	566,000 393,000		05,398 70,633		16.62% 15.29%	5.47% 5.73%	
		5	Schedule of S	chool Cor	ntribution	ns			
	Contractually Contributions			Contri			Covered-	Contributions as a % of Total Covered-	
Fiscal Year	Required Contributions		ognized by PSERS	Deficiency (Excess)		Employee Payroll		Employee Payroll	
6/30/2018	\$ 15,923	\$	15,923	\$	_	\$	1,918,394	0.83%	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

Achievement House Charter School Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 Changes in Benefit Terms

None.

Note 2 Changes in Assumptions

None.

Other Reports Required By Government Auditing Standards



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Achievement House Charter School Exton, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Achievement House Charter School (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon, dated June 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such, that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants Elkins Park, Pennsylvania

5D associates P.C.

June 17, 2019